THE NEWPORT MERCURY.

2 Dol. 50 Cts. per Ann.] TUESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1799. [No. 1949.]

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Island)* Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

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THAT valuable real Estate, late the Property of Samuel Fowler, Esq; deceased, consisting of two Lots, situate in Thames-street, with the Buildings thereon standing. Also One Right in the Ohio Purchase, and two Pews in the Second Baptist Church. An indisputable Title to the above Property will be given, and the Conditions made known at the Time and Place of Sale.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

Newport, August 13th, 1799.

JOHN F. TOWNSEND

Has taken for the Summer, the Store of Mr. Thomas Howland, in Thames-street, where he has for Sale,

A handsome Assortment of Oil-Cloths; 7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linens; coarse India Muslins; Shirting Checks; 4-4, 9-8 and 5-4 Purple and Chintz Shawls; Calicoes and Chintzes; Durants; Calamancoes and Russellets; Lutestrings; Jaconet and Book 4-4, 9-4 and 6-4 Muslins; Pack Pins; colour'd and white Threads; Broadcloths, &c. &c. &c. He intends leaving this Place shortly, and will sell them low.

Newport, August 12, 1799.

WANTED, in the Service of the United States, on board the Frigate General Greene—A Carpenter, Master at Arms, and Ship's Steward.——None will apply, that cannot be well recommended.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, *Esq. Commander,*

JOSHUA BLAKE.

General Greene, 12th August, 1799.

FOR SALE,

A LOT, with a House, Stable, Garden, and a good Well of Water thereon, in Broad-street, a very pleasant Situation.

Also, Sixteen Acres of excellent Land near the above.

Likewise, A small Lot of Land in Middletown:—If not sold soon, would wish to exchange it for a Farm.—Apply to

JOSEPH ALLEN.

Newport, August 12, 1799.

Territory Northwest of the Ohio River.

Information is hereby given, to all Proprietors of Wild Land, lying in the County of Washington, Territory aforesaid, that agreeably to a Law, adopted by the Legislature of said Territory in the Year 1798, "subjecting all uncultivated Land to a Tax," there has been a Tax laid.—All Proprietors, as aforesaid, are requested and required to come forward, by themselves or Agents, enter their Land in the proper Office, and pay the Tax—(by the first Day of December next) or the Penalty of the Law will fall upon them.

WILLIAM RUFUS PUTNAM,
For and in Behalf of the Collectors of Taxes, for the County of Washington.

N. B. The OHIO COMPANY'S PURCHASE, lies in the County of Washington.

Marietta, June 3, 1799.

Was FOUND, on Saturday last in one of the Streets of Newport, a small Sum of MONEY.——The Owner by describing it, and paying Charges, may have it again.—Apply to the Printer.

Aug. 13.

WE the Subscribers being, by the Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, appointed Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust, the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of RICHARD WOODMAN, late of Newport, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent.—Give Notice to all Persons having Claims to said Estate to bring them in to either of us, at our respective Dwellings, within Six Months from the Date hereof, being the Time allowed by said Court.

JOSEPH GARDNER, } *Commissioners.*
JOB TOWNSEND, }

And all Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to

[redacted], *Adm'x.*

Newport 22d July 17[redacted]

RHODE-ISLAND DISTRICT.

BY Virtue of a Warrant from the Hon. BENJAMIN BOURN, Esq; Judge of the District Court for Rhode-Island District:—

There will be exposed to Sale, at PUBLIC VENDUE, in Newport, on Saturday the 31st Instant, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, the Schooner BETSY, and her Appurtenances, condemned at a District Court, holden at Newport this 6th Instant, for having been employed in transporting SLAVES, from the Coast of Africa, to the West-Indies, contrary to the Statute of the United States, in such Case made and provided.

W. PECK, *Marshal.*

August 6, 1799.

LOST,

On the 8th Instant, in or near the Red-Market,

A large Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing some Money, and a Number of Papers, of little or no Use to any Person but the Owner.——Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to Mr. Robert Dunbar, Clerk of the Market, shall receive TWENTY DOLLARS Reward, and no Questions asked.

PARDON TILLINGHAST.

Newport, Aug. 13, 1799.

WHEREAS JOSEPH MUNRO, of Portsmouth, in the County of Newport, hath preferred his Petition to the Supreme Judicial Court, next to be holden at Newport, within and for the said County of Newport, on the fourth Monday of August instant, praying the said Court to pronounce and promulge a Decree of Divorce between him and his Wife ANNA, from the Bond of Marriage, for divers Breaches of the marriage Contract, set forth in said Petition:——This is therefore to give Notice to the said ANNA, and to all others concerned, to appear before the said Court at said Term, and shew Cause (if any they may have) why the Prayer of said Petition ought not to be granted.

WILLIAM V. KING, *Clerk.*

Newport, 9th August, 1799.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Letharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Brushes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Brushes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varnish.
Black Ditto.
Window Glass & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the shortest Notice, with Directions to use them.

Newport, May 24, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in general,

That he has just received, at his STORE, *opposite General* MARTIN'S,

A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, One Box of Gentlemens' TRUXTON HATS.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

FRANCE.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED,
May 27.

FRANCOIS DE NANTES on a Motion of Order, called the attention of the Council to the murders and assassinations which every where deluged with blood the territory of the Republic. He particularly mentioned the department of Vaucluse, where four public fuctionaries had been assassinated within a few days. He lamented that the revolution had so far degenerated from the noble principle of its origin, that it seemed to have become the martyrology of its authors. This dreadful evil he attributed in the first instance to the unhappy system pursued by *Cochon*, in opposing faction to faction, and in checking the reaction of one party by that of their antagonists. The remedy was to be found only in the re-establishment of liberty and justice to all, respect for misfortune, protection to the victims of royalty and inexorable rigour to robbers. He concluded with moving, that the widows and orphans of assassinated patriots, should be put on the same footing with those of soldiers who fell in battle—Referred to a Committee.

Cacault made a further report on the means of executing the 308th article of the Constitution, relative to the accounts to be presented by the different Ministers.

His proposal was in substance, that every Minister who shall not have complied with that article by the 21st December next, should be punished with civic degradation, and that the Directory should be charged to inform the Legislative body of the delinquents, as well as the proceedings which shall be taken against them.

Briot contended, that the accounts should be accompanied with proofs, as at present many of the Ministers could charge the public with sums which had never been expended in its service. This was the only means of carrying into execution the article of the Constitution which requires the Commissioners of Accounts to acquaint the Legislative Body with the abuses which might occur in that department. What! exclaimed he, are all the authorities mute, while the public voice is heard from every quarter against the dilapidators? Those who have systematized the pillage of the public treasure, calumniate those who have as yet been unable to procure a hearing to their just censure. They entertain the hope of erecting a rival power by means of the gold which they have purloined from the public. If the man who had not courage enough to expiate by an honourable wound the errors which he committed at the head of our armies, dare raise the voice of calumny against us, who is there in the Republic that will abstain from accusing us? Let us prove that we ought not to deviate from the line chalked out by the Constitution; and that we will never hesitate to perform our duty; and let us carry into effect the laws which respect the responsibility of Ministers, those which secure the protection of the national representation, and those which regard the levying of contrabutions, which can never be realized while doubts are entertained of the purposes to which they are to be applied.

Quirot said that some measures must be adopted to procure the accounts which had been withheld from the Councils. Three Ministers of Marine in succession, had delivered in no accounts, though large sums had been repeatedly voted for their department. He particularly urged, that Ministers should not be hurried away upon embassies, or to take the command of armies and fleets, for in such case there was no longer any responsibility. *Scherer* himself had presented no account for two years past.

Bailleul endeavoured to prove, that the embarrassment of the government did not proceed from dilapidations, but from the violence of contending factions, and the scanty supply of the public treasury. (Murmurs of displeasure prevailed in the Council during the whole of his speech.) "The government (said he) is obliged to maintain armies amidst the existence of factions." ("yes," exclaimed a voice, "a faction of plunderers") obliged, continued *Bailleul*, to re-create a Marine, with a supply, which was never equal to its expences; the government has always been under the necessity of making arrangements with contractors, who were forced to discount their own paper at 72 percent. and could hold out only conditions extremely disadvantageous."

The Council ordered the motion to be printed, and the further consideration of it to be postponed.

May 28.

Bertrand (du Calvados) addressed the Assembly on a motion of order for the purpose of re-animating the public spirit. After expatiating at some length on the benefits derived from the liberty of the press, he moved, that the project submitted by *Bellier* for ascertaining the liberty of the press, be instantly taken into consideration.

Lacointre Puyranaux maintained that the multitude of libels circulated against the Legislature and the Directory, were undeniable proofs that the press already enjoyed too much liberty.

Briot supported the motion, contending that it went to establish a just medium, in which liberty existed without licentiousness.

It was resolved that the discussion should take place ten days after the distribution of *Brelierd's* project, and *Betrand's* motion was ordered to be printed.

SITTING OF MAY 31.

A letter was read, from a person filling a public office in the department of Ardeche, denouncing to the Legislative Body, the numerous assassinations perpetrated in that part, on the patriots and purchasers of national property, and which would not be restrained or punished by the constituted authorities.

Sherlock spoke at great length, on the horrid outrages and murders committed in the country of Vaucluse. After enumerating several barbarities of the agents of Anarchy and Royalty, and attributing them to the want of patriotism in the members of the Central-Administration and the Commissioner of the Executive Directory, he concluded by referring to a letter from the Central Commissioner, which stated that it was the factions of 1793 and the Anarchists, who assassinated each other, that they might enjoy the barbarous pleasure of accusing men of integrity and honour of those savage acts.

[Strong marks of indignation were here manifested by the Council.]

Sherlock demanded that a message should be sent to the Directory for the purpose of denouncing the Central Administration and its Commissioner. The proposition was adopted.

Chambeau, in a motion of order, urged the most speedy and exemplary punishment of the assassins of the French Embassy, and proposed that all troops which might be spared out of the interior, should directly march to join the armies. There were he maintained, more than 20,000 men at Paris who might be gloriously employed in that manner.

The motion was not seconded, and the Council passed to the order of the day.

The President announced a message from the Directory relative to a treaty of Commerce with the Helvetic Republic, which was read in a committee of the whole Council.

COUNCIL OF ELDERS.

Sitting of May 30.

Peres, on making a motion respecting the Primary Assemblies of Antwerp, observed that the most rigorous punishment should be decreed against every one attempting to violate the Sovereignty of the people; that the Ministers should be responsible, and that the Commissioners of the Directory cease to exceed their functions, and to exercise a power similar to that of the ancient Governors of Provinces.—He also pressed the revival of the public spirit, to which so many victories had been owing, and to the want of which he attributed the calamities of the Republic.

Bara made a report relative to the law prohibiting the importation of English merchandise. He inveighed against the imprudence and defect of patriotism of those Poets who, in their works, have complimented the English nation, while, on the contrary, the English, animated by the true interests of their Country, mentioned the French merely to hold them out to ridicule, and to display their vices to indignation and contempt. To that cause he attributed the general passion in favour of the English character; and it also followed that the rich consumers preferred the product of English industry at the expence of the Republican manufactories.

Bara's report was ordered to be printed,

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JOB TOWNSEND, } *sioners.*

And all Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to

ELIZABETH WOODMAN, *Adm'x.*

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Bara's report was ordered to be printed,

LONDON, June 8.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE of COMMONS, Friday, June 7.

THE BUDGET.

Mr. PITT, in a Committee of Supply, mentioned, that although he had already presented a Statement of the Finances of the Country, yet, that it was his duty to recapitulate his former estimates, in order that the Committee might be enabled to form an accurate judgment. He observed, that if he had formerly occasion to congratulate the public on the prosperous state of affairs, and the retrenchments which would safely be made in various departments, he now came forward with a new cause of public congratulation, on account of the large but wise increase and expenditure, rendered necessary by the vigorous and successful operations of our Allies. Every one anxious for the peace and happiness of Society, would rejoice with him on the favourable change, and general state of affairs, on the Continent of Europe. It was this favourable change, which he hoped would be attended with the happiest effect, that induced His Majesty's Ministers to propose the Vote, to which they had just now agreed.

THE SUPPLY.

In recapitulating the various Estimates, Gentlemen would recollect the leading heads of those mentioned in the month of December last :—

The Total for the Navy was stated at 13,600,53, but after deducting the Diminution of the Navy Debts, and the Savings expected in 1799, amounted to 1,403,000, the remainder Total for that service would not exceed -	£ 12,250,000
The Army Estimates, on the most accurate calculation which could be made, amounted to - -	8,840,000
To which was to be added, first, the Vote of Credit for 1798, amounting to	1,000,000
And the Extraordinaries of the Army for 1799, -	2,500,000

Among other statements, there was the Interest of the money due to the Bank—the Discount of the Loan and Lottery of the preceding years—and the Interest also of the Exchequer Bills—all of which ought to be classed in the Deficiencies of the Year. —The saving of the last article for the last year was nearly 90,000l. which, notwithstanding the general Deficiencies, deserved notice.

The Voluntary Contributions, so highly honourable to the country, amounted at least, exclusive of the Sums from the East-Indies and our other Colonial Possessions, to 2,000,000l.——"When I contemplate "the Bounty of Individuals on this great "emergency, it is impossible for me, (said "Mr. Pitt)—it is impossible for the House, "to pass over the generous act, without "expressions of the highest gratitude. It "is also a satisfaction for me to state, that no "distance of place, no distance of time, no "length of absence, has so alienated the affections of the Natives of Great-Britain, as to make them forget the Interest and "Happiness of the Mother Country.—Officers and Privates have come forward, with "the utmost solicitude and affection.—"From India itself has been received a "Voluntary Contribution—amounting to "no less a sum than 300,000l. Such a handsome pecuniary aid, deserved the particular notice of the Committee and of the "House, as it came from a description of "persons whom Rumour had falsely stated "as regardless of the Interest or Glory of "the Mother Country, while doomed to "exert themselves in the accumulation of "fortune and aggrandisement. But in "this quarter of the world, the bounty of "our subjects did not rest. It extended "itself to the West-Indies, and our other "Settlements, where similar affections actuated the conduct of Englishmen."

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The Article which followed was that of the Miscellaneous Services, to the amount nearly of -	3,264,300
The Subsidy to the Emperor of Russia, about which there could not be the smallest difference of opinion, having every recommendation in its favour, amounted as already mentioned in the preceding part, to - - -	825,000
Another sum yet remained —that of the National Debt, amounting to -	200,000

While he noticed a Vote of Credit for 1799, to the amount of 3,000,000l. and recapitulated various Deficiencies, recurring to the different sums now stated, he concluded by estimating the whole Supply at - - - 30,947,000

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To meet these necessary demands, were arranged thus :—

The Land and Malt, -	2,750,000
The Lottery, - - -	200,000

A variety of observations then followed upon certain quarterages due in October, which would tend to the diminution of the public expenditure. Mr. Pitt then proceeded to specify the happy effects of the Consolidated Fund, on which considerable sums towards defraying the Public Exigencies might be calculated, viz.—

Surplus of Consolidating Funds in January and April, 1799, - -	£ 521,000
Growing Produce of Ditto, -	3,229,000

In these sums, there was an increase arising from several causes to the amount of 1,700,000l.

He next advanced to that part of his calculation, on which he reckoned by a modification on Exports and Imports, the sum of 1,500,000l.

The Article which followed demanded the particular attention of the Committee. It was that of 10 per cent. on Income.—Although its real extent had not yet been fully ascertained, yet he had no hesitation in saying, that on this subject he had in some degree been disappointed, the Tax being considerably short of what he had estimated. The Commercial Income, was far, very far under his expectation.—He had stated it at 4,000,000l. but from what he could learn, it would not produce quite the one half of that sum. On this particular head, so very interesting to the public Service, much allowance ought to be made for the deficiency, as from several remote parts of the country the Returns had not been made. This temporary disappointment ought not to make us conclude, that the original estimate will not this following year be fully adequate to his expectations. But be that as it may, it became him, for the present time, to take Credit for a loose Sum. He would therefore say 7,500,000l

After many observations about the various instalments of the Income Tax, he next advanced some remarks on the Loan, and its mode of settlement, which he proved was highly advantageous to the public ; he stated, that he had not made a provision for the Loan by the irregular issuing of Exchequer Bills.—All such temporary resources he had carefully avoided ; neither had he added to the accumulation of Navy Bills.—These he had very considerably diminished ; for within the course of the year there would not be less than ten millions absorbed ; therefore if there was necessity—there was ample room for the circulation of Two Millions of Exchequer Bills, to answer the exigencies of the moment.

While on the Loan, he could not dismiss the subject without bestowing the highest encomiums on the Gentlemen with whom he had concluded the bargain. He had always entertained an opinion, that the best mode of receiving offers was by Public Competition. On this occasion, he had, however, the satisfaction to state, that the contest was not as formerly, which should have the least quantity of Long Annuities, but by the junction of the three greatest Monied Interests in London, the whole was happily settled without any long annuities, a mode highly honorable to the parties, and for which there ought at least to be this instance of public gratitude.—It was also great satisfaction for him to learn, that these gentleman entertained similar sentiments with him on the application of the sum of 825,000l. for the deliverance of Europe.

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I am Sir,
Your obedient Servant.
W. B. LUTTLY, Clerk.

TO MR. W. B. LUTTLY.

SIR,

I have much more reason than the Commissioners can have to be dissatisfied with the smallness of my income. I have never yet in my life disavowed, or had occasion to reconsider any declaration which I have signed with my name. But the act of Parliament has removed all the decencies which used to prevail between gentlemen ; and has given the Commissioners (shrouded under the signature of their Clerk) a right by law to tell me that they have reason to believe that—*I am a Liar !* They have also a right to demand from me, upon oath, the particular circumstances of my private situation. In obedience to the law, I am ready to attend them upon this degrading occasion, so novel to Englishmen ; and to give them every explanation and satisfaction which they may be pleased to require.

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KINGSTON, (Jamaica) July 5.

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We understand that William Savage, Esq; of this town, merchant, is appointed Agent to the United States of America.

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On Saturday last, the Honorable the Council presented to his Honor the Lieut. Governor, a resolve they had agreed to, after the most mature consideration of the various despatches and documents, and especially the late correspondence relative to the island of St. Domingo, which had been laid before them by his Lordship ; that it would not be expedient for the present to grant passports generally for vessels to trade with that Island, until His Majesty's pleasure shall be received on the subject.

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"A civil war has broken out in Hispaniola. I will not attempt to detail the causes that led to this event, it is sufficient to know that it exists, and is conducted with brutal ferocity. The favourable reception given to the English by Toussaint, is the plea urged by Rigaud in defence of his conduct. He accuses the former with an intention of delivering up the island to them, or at least of putting it under their protection. The real object of contention is power, the one being resolved to preserve the supreme command, the other equally desirous to possess it.

When Hedouville was sent off to France he wrote to Rigaud, and directed him to assume the command, should he observe Toussaint was about to take any steps to render the island independent. From that moment Rigand endeavoured, by means of his agents, to gain over several Chiefs to his party ; and when he believed the crisis was arrived, in which he might declare himself openly, he marched a body of troops to Petit Goave, which was taken, delivered up to pillage, and most of the whites massacred. The standard of revolt was now reared. He expected at Port-au-Prince the same scene would take place, the chief of which was gained, and he counted upon the exertions of his adherents at Gonaives, Port-de-Paix, Mole St. Nicholas, Jean Reabel, and other places. Most of these plots have been discovered, and all of them prevented, except at the Mole, where a regiment which was ordered to march, expelled the commandant—and took possession of the town and forts. The persons of the inhabitants and property have hitherto been respected. The sails and rudders of the vessels which lie in port were taken on shore ; though it is said they have since been restored to them. An army of 3000 men is on its march to that place, and as the garrison is but small, it may be soon reduced. After the capture of Petit Goave, a party advanced as far as Grand Goave, and took possession of a block-house—they are now surrounded by a detachment of Toussaint's army, and must be soon forced to surrender.

"Toussaint has punished some of the chiefs who have been found to have been in intelligence with Rigaud, by blowing them off at the mouth of cannon. It is supposed that these severe examples will intimidate the others who may be discontented, and as he has an army of 10,000 men under his command, he is supposed to be the strongest party, especially as Beauvais, who commands at Jacmel, has declared for him.—Rigaud has been proclaimed a rebel by Roume, the agent of the Executive Directory. All vessels going to his ports, are to be reputed lawful prizes. Barges and vessels of force are fitting out by both parties, and it appears to be more than mere report that the barges of Rigaud have put to death the crews of one or more French vessels which they have captured.

"Which of those two chiefs may gain the day is doubtful, but while hostilities exist between them there can be but little security for the American commerce—even should the communication be opened. The risk which must be run from the barges of either party, will be great ; and should the vessels arrive safe, the number of hands taken from Agriculture, to recruit the armies, will render coffee scarce, and prevent either administration or individuals from performing their engagements.

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"One piece of intelligence more—it is reported and generally believed, that positive orders have been given by Admiral Parker to stop the Kingston* if she should be met with, and send her to Jamaica."

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PHILADELPHIA, August 9.

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LONDON, June 8.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE of COMMONS, Friday, June 7.

THE BUDGET.

Mr. PITT, in a Committee of Supply, mentioned, that although he had already presented a Statement of the Finances of the Country, yet, that it was his duty to recapitulate his former estimates, in order that the Committee might be enabled to form an accurate judgment. He observed, that if he had formerly occasion to congratulate the public on the prosperous state of affairs, and the retrenchments which would safely be made in various departments, he now came forward with a new cause of public congratulation, on account of the large but wise increase and expenditure, rendered necessary by the vigorous and successful operations of our Allies. Every one anxious for the peace and happiness of Society, would rejoice with him on the favourable change, and general state of affairs, on the Continent of Europe. It was this favourable change, which he hoped would be attended with the happiest effect, that induced His Majesty's Ministers to propose the Vote, to which they had just now agreed.

THE SUPPLY.

In recapitulating the various Estimates, Gentlemen would recollect the leading heads of those mentioned in the month of December last :—

The Total for the Navy was stated at 13,600,53, but after deducting the Diminution of the Navy Debts, and the Savings expected in 1799, amounted to 1,403,000, the remainder Total for that service would not exceed -	£	12,250,000
The Army Estimates, on the most accurate calculation which could be made, amounted to - -		8,840,000
To which was to be added, first, the Vote of Credit for 1798, amounting to		1,000,000
And the Extraordinaries of the Army for 1799, -		2,500,000

Among other statements, there was the Interest of the money due to the Bank—the Discount of the Loan and Lottery of the preceding years—and the Interest also of the Exchequer Bills—all of which ought to be classed in the Deficiencies of the Year. —The saving of the last article for the last year was nearly 90,000l. which, notwithstanding the general Deficiencies, deserved notice.

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Auguſt 12.

We have the pleaſure of announcing the ſafe arrival of the ſhip William Penn, Capt. Volans, from Batavia, having performed her voyage out and home in ſeven months and an half.

Auguſt 13.

Extract of a letter from John Gavino, Esq; American Conſul at Gibraltar, dated 19th June, '99.

"On the 12th inſtant Admiral Sir Charles Cotton called off this port from the coaſt of Ireland, with 16 ſhips of the line and five frigates; they all went up the ſtraits to reinforce the fleets there."

[This ſquadron will increaſe the fleet under the command of Lord St. Vincent to forty-one ſhips of the line, excluſively of thoſe in the Mediterranean under the command of Admiral Nelſon.]

"It is reported another ſquadron will ſoon appear to reſume the blockade of Cadiz.—Veſſels from the coaſt of Morocco are not permitted to anchor in this port, or have any communication on account of the diſorder that rages there, and which is looked upon to be the plague."

The New-York Gazette of yeſterday ſays—"Our city continues very healthy." We take this opportunity of joining with our New-York friends in hearty felicitations on the grateful proſpect of a happy ſummer. Let us mingle with our joys, the loud voice of Gratitude to the Giver of all Good.

Auguſt 14.

Yeſterday arrived at New-York, the Norfolk ſloop of war, Capt. Bainbridge, from St. Thomas's, with a large fleet under convoy.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 16.

Addreſs from the Officers of the Gun Room on board the United States Ship Conſtellation, to Commodore TRUXTON.

Ship Conſtellation, August 8, 1799.

SIR,

IT is with a degree of regret, ſcarcely to be conveyed in words, we have underſtood you mean to decline the command of the United States Ship Conſtellation.

We cannot take a parting leave, without expreſſing our lively acknowledgments, and grateful thanks for the kind and paternal care you have uniformly exerciſed towards us.

We have nothing more to add, but our moſt fervent and cordial wiſhes for your proſperity and happineſs, both here and hereafter. We are, ſir,

Your moſt grateful,
Obliged and obedient
Humble Servants,

Andrew Sterret, Ambroſe Shirley, John Archer, S. B. Brook, John H. Dent, T. Robinſon, B. Clinch, Lieut. Marines, R. Harison, S. M. I. Henry, Surgeon, M. Garetson, Purſer.

ANSWER to the ADDRESS.

U. S. Conſtellation, 9th Aug. 1799.

GENTLEMEN,

I acknowledge the receipt of your grateful and affectionate letter of yeſterday. It is true, I have declined the future command of the Conſtellation, but it is alſo true, that it has been a declenſion of *neceſſity*, and not of *choice*; for, at a period like the preſent, it would be a circumſtance, too painful for me to think of, if ſentiment and character did not compel it. A miſunderſtanding with reſpect to rank, in which I feel injured is the only cauſe.

During the various ſcenes to which you have been witneſs, and in which you have co-operated with me, it is a heart-felt pleaſure for me, to be enabled at this time, to ſay with truth—that never did greater harmony prevail among men, under ſimilar circumſtances, eſpecially when it is remembered the infancy of ſervice and the ſtrict and indiſpenſible diſcipline, attending naval life. I, therefore, truſt, and I moſt ſincerely hope, that the ſame harmony will continue, when I am far removed from you; and that each and all of you, will unite to nouriſh and cheriſh that ſyſtem of order, exertion and good will to each other and love for your country, that have ſo much to your own honour and my ſatisfaction, manifeſted itſelf within the walls of this ſhip on every occaſion—and I now impreſs on you as my laſt command, (and when I have commanded you, I never had a doubt of implicit obedience) that whenever you meet our foes, to think of your old friend, and to do your duty as I have ſeen you, like BRAVE AMERICANS, do before.

May Honor, Glory, Health, Succeſs and every bleſſing attend you here and hereafter. *Farewell!*

THOMAS TRUXTON.

To Lieut's. *Sterret, Shirley, Archer, Brook, Dent, Robinſon, Clinch, Harrison, Mr. Henry, Surgeon, Mr. Garretson, Purſer.*

Auguſt 13.

Arrived yeſterday, the brig Alfred, Lee, of Providence, from Surinam, in 29 days.

He informs the United States' ſhip Portſmouth, Capt. M'Neill, lay at Bram's Point. A French ſhip of 20 ſix pounders, was at Surinam. An expreſs was ſent to Lyen for a French ſhip of war of 36 guns, to come down and join her, the latter is manned with 100 whites, and 100 negroes. It is ſuppoſed their object is to attack the Portſmouth.

NEW-LONDON, Aug. 14.

The veſſels arrived this week from St. Thomas's, ſailed in a fleet of about 120 ſail of Americans, under convoy of the brig Norfolk, and ſchooner Retaliation. On the 3d inſt. a large ſhip came among the fleet, which not anſwering the Norfolk's ſignals, Capt. Bainbridge hoiſted the ſignal for diſperſion. Conſiderable complaint is made of Capt. B's conduct towards the fleet; we forbear to be particular. Capt. B. has borne the character of a meritorious officer.

The Connecticut, Capt. Tryon, is ſtill at Saybrook, waiting for a tide ſufficiently high to bring her over the bar.

BOSTON, Auguſt 17.

Col. Hamtrank, in the abſence of Gen. Wilkinſon, commands the troops of the United States from Pittſburg, weſtward to the Miſſiſippi, on the Miſſiſippi, and the Lakes.

A gentleman, eight days from Halifax, informs of the arrival there of a veſſel in a ſhort paſſage from England; and that he read in the papers official accounts of the defeats of Moreau, in Italy, and Maſſena, in Switzerland. The gentleman brought no papers.

The arrival yeſterday from Ruſſia, ought to have furniſhed ſome intelligence from the North of Europe; but it did not.

The 350,000 dollars brought home in the Montezuma, was private property which for a long time had been ruſting at Jamaica to prevent its falling into French pockets.

A London Paper of June 5, has the following Paragraph:—"The United States of America, in their Oppoſition to the infamous Demands of France, has exhibited an Energy of Character, which, while it has aſtoniſhed, has alſo ſtimulated the almoſt diſheartened Nations of Europe, to a manly and ſucceſsful Oppoſition to the Aggreſſions of French Tyranny."

NEWPORT, Auguſt 20.

CARNOT, the French Ex-Director, is ſaid to be with the Archduke *incog.* exerciſing his great military Talents, in giving Succeſs to the Auſtrian Arms, in reverſing the Power of his tyrannical Perſecutors.

Gen. Wilkinſon and ſuite, have arrived at Philadelphia, from the Frontiers.

Bowles, the famous Creek Chief, has returned from Great-Britain to Jamaica.

The Supreme Court of the United States is in ſeſſion at Philadelphia.

THE NAVY.

The brig Eagle is taken from the Revenue Department of the United States, and added to the Navy; and her Commander, George Hugh Campbell, is advanced to the rank of Maſter and Commander in the navy.

The Montezuma, Capt. Maloney, has again ſailed on a cruize.

Capt. Barron, we learn, will be appointed to the Conſtellation.

By the Grade of 1794, the Rank of the Commanders of the Navy commenced as follows: Captains Barry, Nicholſon, Talbot, Dale, Truxton, Sever, &c.

MARRIED]—At Providence, Mr. *Ebenezer Jenckes*, Merchant, of Georgia, to Miſs *Sally Sheldon*, Daughter of Captain James Sheldon, of Cranſton.

—At Pawcatuck, on Sunday Evening, Capt. *John Almy*, jun. to Miſs *Elizabeth Clarke*, Daughter of Arnold Clarke, Eſq.

DIED.]—At Philadelphia, Mrs. *Maria Willing*, Conſort of Mr. George Willing, Merchant.

—At Taunton, Mr. *Robert Crossman*, in the 93d Year of his Age.

—At Briſtol, on the 3d Inſtant, Mr. *John Ingraham*, aged 72 Years.

—On the 6th, Mr. *Stephen Wardwell*, in the 77th Year of his Age.

—At Barrington, on the 12th Inſtant, Mr. *Luther Martin*, aged 47 Years.

TWENTY Pipes high Proof BRANDY, juſt arrived, and for Sale, by

GIBBS & CHANNING.

Newport, June 24, 1799.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm. 1799.

August.	Thermo. 7 A.M.	Deg.	Thermo. 3 P.M.	Wind. 7 A.M.	Wind. 3 P.M.	Weather. 7 A.M.	Weather. 3 P.M.
13	73½	78		SW.	SW.	Fair.	Fair.
14	75	78		SW.	S.	Fog.	Fair.
15	74	77		S.	S.	Cloudy.	Fair.
16	73½	77		SW.	SW.	Fair.	Fair.
17	73½	74		NNE.	NE.	Cloudy.	Rain.
18	72	70		NE.	NE.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.
19	69	70		NE.	NE.	Rain.	Cloudy.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Aug. 19.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Eagle, Earl,	New-York
Schooner Lydia, Maſon,	Boſton
Sloop Drucillia, Kein,	Alexandria
General Greene, Waldin,	Providence
Schooner Nancy, Kingſly,	St. Cruz
Sloop Seniiramis, Brown,	New-York
CLEARED,	*For*
Sloop Romeo, Heath,	Providence
Fame, Dennis,	New-York
Fanny, Slocum,	Cape-Francois
George, Bennett,	New-York
Betſy, Northam,	Havanna
General Greene, Waldin,	Providence
Comet, Smith,	New-London
Pitchpipe, Starbuck,	Nantucket
Camhen Packet, Sinkins,	C. Francois

Sales at Auction.

On FRIDAY 23d Inſtant, will be SOLD, At GARDNER & DEAN's Office, at 10 o'Clock, *A. M.*——the following GOODS, viz.

TWO Hundred Pieces Nankeens—30 Pieces tambour'd and plain Muſlin—50 Pieces Sheeting Ditto—15 Pieces Moreens and Durants—10 Pieces Jeans—50 lbs. white and colour'd Thread—20 Boxes China—1 Piece Carpeting—10 Pieces Velvets and Thickſets—Chintz Shawls—India Sattins—Calicoes—1 Box Hats.

And ſundry other Articles.

Conditions at Time of Sale.

Newport, August 20, 1799.

CINCINNATI.

A general Attendance of the Members of the Society of CINCINNATI, of the State of Rhode-Iſland, is requeſted, at their adjourned Meeting, to be holden in the Senate Chamber of the State-Houſe in Providence, on Thurſday the 5th of September, 8 o'Clock, A. M.

ROBERT ROGERS, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, Aug. 20, 1799.

☞ *TAKE NOTICE.*

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Eleven o'Clock, *A. M.* on the *Tenth* Day of next September *(if not ſold before at private Sale)* at the Store of the Subſcribers, in Newport,

A VALUABLE ESTATE, *ſituate* in *Jamestown*, lately the Property of Benjamin Ellery, Eſq; deceaſed, now occupied by Mr. John Remington, and conſiſting of a large convenient FERRY-HOUSE, built a few Years ago of the beſt Materials, with about Five Acres of good Land adjoining it, a Ferry-Boat, and a Wharf.—The Boat has a new Suit of Sails, her Rigging is good, and ſhe is in excellent Order. The above-mentioned Property will be ſold, together with the Privilege of the FERRY belonging to it, upon the following Terms, namely—*One Third* of the purchaſe Money to be paid on the Execution of a Deed of it, *One Third* in *eight* Months, and *One Third* in *fourteen* Months, with Intereſt from the Day of Sale. The two laſt Payments to be ſecured, by *approved* endorſed Notes, made payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland.

A good Title will be given to the Purchaſer of the Premiſes, and it is preſumed, no one will bid for them who cannot give the Notes required.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

Newport, August 17, 1799.

WANTED,

As APPRENTICES to the Rope-Making Business,

TWO or Three ſmart, active LADS, about 15 or 16 Years of Age.—To whom good Encouragement will be given, by

WM. and JOHN TILLEY.

Newport, August 19, 1799.

FOR SALE,

BEST Engliſh GUNPOWDER, COARSE and FINE, per Hundred or leſs Quantity, by

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

For the BENEFIT of Mr. and Mrs. SIMPSON.

THEATRE.

NEWPORT.

WEDNESDAY Evening 21ſt Aug. 1799, Will be preſented, the celebrated DRAMA, Called

THE STRANGER.

OR,

MISANTHROPHY & REPENTANCE.

The Production of KOTZEBUE, and performed with univerſal Applauſe at the Theatres of *Boston, New-York, Philadelphia*, &c.

Holſtein, *(The Stranger)*	Mr. Harper,
Baron Steinfort,	Mr. Munto,
Count Winterſen,	Mr. Turnbull,
Solomon,	Mr. Prigmore,
Peter,	Mr. Simpſon,
Francis,	Mr. Ormſby,
Count Winterſen's Son,	A Young Maſter,
Conrade,	Mr. Whitlock,
Counteſs Winterſen,	Mrs. Simpſon,
Barbara,	Mrs. Harper,
Stranger's Children,	A Young Maſter and Miſs,
Mrs. Haller,	Mrs. Whitlock.

To which will be added, the Comic OPERA of

THE HIGHLAND REEL.

With the Original Muſic, Overture, and Accompanyments.

Shelty, *(The Piper)*	Mr. Simpſon,
Sandy,	Mr. Munto,
Charley,	Mrs. Harper,
Serjeant Jack,	Mr. Prigmore,
Captain Dalh,	Mr. Kedey,
Croudy,	Mr. Whitlock,
Laird of Coll,	Mr. Ormſby.
Laird of Raaſay,	Mr. Lathy,
Benin,	A Young Maſter,
M'Gilpin,	Mr. Turnbull.
Jenny,	Mrs. Graupner,
Moggy M'Gilpin,	Miſs Weſtray.

To conclude with a REEL, by the Reſt of the Company.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes to be had at the Theatre from Ten to One o'Clock in the Forenoon, and from three to ſix on Days of Performance.

Doors to be opened at Seven, and the Performance to commence at One Quarter before 8 o'Clock.

BOXES, One Dollar,—PIT, Half a Dollar—GALLERY, One Quarter of a Dollar.

LECTURES

Upon the Anatomy of the human Mind,

By JOHN STEWART,

THE TRAVELLER,

Subject of Mr. Stewart's Lectures this preſent Evening.

An Expoſition of the Elements of Ideas to form an Alphabet of Thought, and produce an intelligible Language of Mind.

On Saturday Evening.

The Diſtinction between Ideas and Sentiments, demonſtrating that many Sentiments may be formed devoid of all Ideas.

N. B. If foul Weather ſhould happen, and continue doubtful and obſcure after 7 o'Clock, theſe Lectures will be poſtponed to their ſucceſſive Tueſday or Saturday; but ſhould the Weather become perfectly fair at the Hour of 7, theſe Lectures will be exhibited without fail.

Newport, August 20, 1799.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Have juſt received, via New-York, a freſh Aſſortment of genuine DRUGS, MEDICINES, and PAINTERS' COLOURS, which they are now ſelling cheap for Caſh or approved Credit, at their Store in Thames-ſtreet.

August 16, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Wholeſale Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf,

BOURDEAUX, Alicant, and Spaniſh Brandy; Jamaica Spirits; Weſt-India and New-England Rum; beſt Holland Geneva; Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, and Malaga Wines; Loaf, powd[illegible] and Brown Sugars; Souchong and G[illegible]der Teas; Nutmegs; Mace; Cinnamon; Cloves; Ginger; Pepper; Pimento; Molaſſes; Chocolate; New-York Soap; Freſh Raiſins; Starch, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO,

A complete Aſſortment of CROCKERY WARE, in Crates; German Steel and Sheet Lead by the Cwt. and a conſtant Supply of Superfine & Common FLOUR, by the Quantity or Barrel.

The above Articles will be ſold at the loweſt Rates, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms, to Shopkeepers.

Newport, 13th Aug. 1799.

believed."——Further confirmation this morning (20th June) by the arrival of a Portugueſe brig of war, in 6 days from Falmouth, in which came paſſenger the Duke of Luxemburg's ſon, who confirms the above, aithentically received in England—with an addition, that Maſſena himſelf is taken priſoner, together with the military cheſt and all the camp equipage—that the French troops in conſequence of the victory, have ri[illegible] maſs, and the remnant of Maſſena[illegible]y, who had fled, fell priſoners to them."

Auguſt 12.

We have the pleaſure of announcing the ſafe arrival of the ſhip William Penn, Capt. Volans, from Batavia, having performed her voyage out and home in ſeven months and an half.

Auguſt 13.

Extract of a letter from John Gavino, Esq; American Conſul at Gibraltar, dated 19th June, '99.

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SIR,

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Fanny, Slocum,	Cape-Francois
George, Bennett,	New-York
Betſy, Northam,	Havanna
General Greene, Waldin,	Providence
Comet, Smith,	New-London
Pitchpipe, Starbuck,	Nantucket
Camhen Packet, Sinkins,	C. Francois

Sales at Auction.

On FRIDAY 23d Inſtant, will be SOLD, At GARDNER & DEAN's Office, at 10 o'Clock, *A. M.*——the following GOODS, viz.

TWO Hundred Pieces Nankeens—30 Pieces tambour'd and plain Muſlin—50 Pieces Sheeting Ditto—15 Pieces Moreens and Durants—10 Pieces Jeans—50 lbs. white and colour'd Thread—20 Boxes China—1 Piece Carpeting—10 Pieces Velvets and Thickſets—Chintz Shawls—India Sattins—Calicoes—1 Box Hats.

And ſundry other Articles.

Conditions at Time of Sale.

Newport, August 20, 1799.

CINCINNATI.

A general Attendance of the Members of the Society of CINCINNATI, of the State of Rhode-Iſland, is requeſted, at their adjourned Meeting, to be holden in the Senate Chamber of the State-Houſe in Providence, on Thurſday the 5th of September, 8 o'Clock, A. M.

ROBERT ROGERS, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, Aug. 20, 1799.

☞ *TAKE NOTICE.*

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Eleven o'Clock, *A. M.* on the *Tenth* Day of next September *(if not ſold before at private Sale)* at the Store of the Subſcribers, in Newport,

A VALUABLE ESTATE, *ſituate* in *Jamestown*, lately the Property of Benjamin Ellery, Eſq; deceaſed, now occupied by Mr. John Remington, and conſiſting of a large convenient FERRY-HOUSE, built a few Years ago of the beſt Materials, with about Five Acres of good Land adjoining it, a Ferry-Boat, and a Wharf.—The Boat has a new Suit of Sails, her Rigging is good, and ſhe is in excellent Order. The above-mentioned Property will be ſold, together with the Privilege of the FERRY belonging to it, upon the following Terms, namely—*One Third* of the purchaſe Money to be paid on the Execution of a Deed of it, *One Third* in *eight* Months, and *One Third* in *fourteen* Months, with Intereſt from the Day of Sale. The two laſt Payments to be ſecured, by *approved* endorſed Notes, made payable at the Bank of Rhode-Iſland.

A good Title will be given to the Purchaſer of the Premiſes, and it is preſumed, no one will bid for them who cannot give the Notes required.

GARDNER & DEAN, *Auctioneers.*

Newport, August 17, 1799.

WANTED,

As APPRENTICES to the Rope-Making Business,

TWO or Three ſmart, active LADS, about 15 or 16 Years of Age.—To whom good Encouragement will be given, by

WM. and JOHN TILLEY.

Newport, August 19, 1799.

FOR SALE,

BEST Engliſh GUNPOWDER, COARSE and FINE, per Hundred or leſs Quantity, by

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

For the BENEFIT of Mr. and Mrs. SIMPSON.

THEATRE.

NEWPORT.

WEDNESDAY Evening 21ſt Aug. 1799, Will be preſented, the celebrated DRAMA, Called

THE STRANGER.

OR,

MISANTHROPHY & REPENTANCE.

The Production of KOTZEBUE, and performed with univerſal Applauſe at the Theatres of *Boston, New-York, Philadelphia*, &c.

Holſtein, *(The Stranger)*	Mr. Harper,
Baron Steinfort,	Mr. Munto,
Count Winterſen,	Mr. Turnbull,
Solomon,	Mr. Prigmore,
Peter,	Mr. Simpſon,
Francis,	Mr. Ormſby,
Count Winterſen's Son,	A Young Maſter,
Conrade,	Mr. Whitlock,
Counteſs Winterſen,	Mrs. Simpſon,
Barbara,	Mrs. Harper,
Stranger's Children,	A Young Maſter and Miſs,
Mrs. Haller,	Mrs. Whitlock.

To which will be added, the Comic OPERA of

THE HIGHLAND REEL.

With the Original Muſic, Overture, and Accompanyments.

Shelty, *(The Piper)*	Mr. Simpſon,
Sandy,	Mr. Munto,
Charley,	Mrs. Harper,
Serjeant Jack,	Mr. Prigmore,
Captain Daſh,	Mr. Kedey,
Croudy,	Mr. Whitlock,
Laird of Coll,	Mr. Ormſby.
Laird of Raaſay,	Mr. Lathy,
Benin,	A Young Maſter,
M'Gilpin,	Mr. Turnbull.
Jenny,	Mrs. Graupner,
Moggy M'Gilpin,	Miſs Weſtray.

To conclude with a REEL, by the Reſt of the Company.

Tickets and Places for the Boxes to be had at the Theatre from Ten to One o'Clock in the Forenoon, and from three to ſix on Days of Performance.

Doors to be opened at Seven, and the Performance to commence at One Quarter before 8 o'Clock.

BOXES, One Dollar,—PIT, Half a Dollar—GALLERY, One Quarter of a Dollar.

LECTURES

Upon the Anatomy of the human Mind, By JOHN STEWART, *THE TRAVELLER,*

Subject of Mr. Stewart's Lectures this preſent Evening.

An Expoſition of the Elements of Ideas to form an Alphabet of Thought, and produce an intelligible Language of Mind.

On Saturday Evening.

The Diſtinction between Ideas and Sentiments, demonſtrating that many Sentiments may be formed devoid of all Ideas.

N. B. If foul Weather ſhould happen, and continue doubtful and obſcure after 7 o'Clock, theſe Lectures will be poſtponed to their ſucceſſive Tueſday or Saturday; but ſhould the Weather become perfectly fair at the Hour of 7, theſe Lectures will be exhibited without fail.

Newport, Auguſt 20, 1799.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Have juſt received, via New-York, a freſh Aſſortment of genuine DRUGS, MEDICINES, and PAINTERS' COLOURS, which they are now ſelling cheap for Caſh or approved Credit, at their Store in Thames-ſtreet.

Auguſt 16, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Wholeſale Stores on Mr. Langley's Wharf,

BOURDEAUX, Alicant, and Spaniſh Brandy; Jamaica Spirits; Weſt-India and New-England Rum; beſt Holland Geneva; Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, and Malaga Wines; Loaf, powdered, and Brown Sugars; Souchong and Gunpowder Teas; Nutmegs; Mace; Cinnamon; Cloves; Ginger; Pepper; Pimento; Molaſſes; Chocolate; New York Soap; Freſh Raiſins; Starch, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO,

A complete Aſſortment of CROCKERY WARE, in Crates; German Steel and Sheet Lead by the Cwt. and a conſtant Supply of Superfine & Common FLOUR, by the Quantity or Barrel.

The above Articles will be ſold at the loweſt Rates, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms, to Shopkeepers.

Newport, 13th Aug. 1799.

From late London Papers.

THE STRAW BONNET;

Or, The VICISSITUDES *of* FASHION.

AN EPIGRAM.

WE whilom saw the BONNET spread
Like an *umbrella* o'er the head;
Sometimes 'twas shap'd just like a *bell;*
At others like a *cockle-shell;*
Now like a *coal scuttle* appears
Inverted o'er MARIA's ears:
Or *jorden* turn'd quite upside down,
And fitted to MARIA's crown.
Who but must mourn MARIA's lot,
That sees her head thus "gone to POT!"

Inscription on the church wall of a small village in Wales, copied from a Tour in that Principality, lately published:

Take care that here on Sunday,
None of you play at ball;
For fear that on the Monday
The Devil takes you all.

A merchant's Lady at Liverpool, has astonished that part of the world, and far out-rivalled the *Fashionists* of London, by having *Three Galas*, and giving only one hundred and fifty pounds for Strawberries, &c. because she could not get two hundred pounds worth! "Talk of a Conoration!"

The following Paragraph is taken from a late Irish paper:

"Travellers should be careful to deliver their *Luggage* to proper persons, as a *Gentleman* a few days since, on alighting from a stage coach, entrusted his *Wife* with a stranger, and he has not heard of her since."

THE following dreadful tale is told in the French Journal, *Le Clef du Cabinet*: A man in the department of *Bar sur Onain* having been mutilated by three ruffians, applied to the Police, who in consequence of it apprehended a man in the Canton of *Vivid*, who was charged by the injured party with the crime. The wife of the accused, with all his family, consisting of a daughter of sixteen years of age, and two sons, one aged nineteen the other seventeen years, went to visit him, and returned home in a state of despair. On the following morning the children went into the field to the plow, and about ten o'clock the mother called them home. In returning they passed by a rivulet, when the daughter said, "Magdalen, you may throw the clothes into the water, as we shall have no occasion for them." They then entered the house and shut the door close. Screams and groans were heard, and shortly afterwards the young man of nineteen opened the door and ran into the street with his throat cut and covered with blood: he plunged himself into the rivulet, came out again, and threw himself on the bank. The people ran to him, interrogated him, but he could give no answer, and died. They rushed into the house, but found no one, they hastened to the stables, where they saw the young man of seventeen years of age, with his throat cut, expiring, and laying on the breast of his sister, who had also her throat cut, and by the side of whom lay a bloody hatchet. They sought for the mother but not finding her, they supposed her to be drowned. In searching the loft, they perceived a deadly and livid hand, which they found to be that of the woman, bathed in her blood, having two stabs with a knife in her belly, and her throat cut. She was yet alive, and every assistance having been given to her, she was brought to herself, and her wounds found not to be mortal. She was interrogated and declared, that a stranger, who called to inquire after her husband, had committed this extensive murder. By pursuing the interrogatory, however, the Officer of the Police at length ascertained the truth. The unhappy woman declared, that having been to see her husband, she could not bear the idea of the dishonour which would attach to herself and her family from his execution; she had therefore determined to die, and prevailed upon her children to die with her. On returning to the house, therefore, they, after having filled the mangers with hay, knelt down before her to receive their death wound, which she gave them with a hatchet; that she immediately afterwards attempted to stab herself, but that her knife not having reached her heart, she had twice stabbed herself in the belly; that having perceived that her eldest son, in struggling with death had opened the door, and fearing to be discovered, she had sufficient strength to ascend into the loft, with intent to throw herself out of the window, but her strength failed her. She was arrested and carried to COMMENCY. In going out of her house, she saw the bodies of her three children, without betraying any emotion; and declared, that if she had 30 she should have put them all to death, to avoid the shame of having their father guillotined.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Having opened a Store on Banister's Wharf, beg Leave to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have for Sale,

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

☞ They have also for Sale, INDIAN CORN, by the Bushel or larger Quantity, Flour by the Barrel, and 100 Barrels Rosin.

Newport, Aug. 5, 1799.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Banister's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceased, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Mustard; Codfish; an Assortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-stands; Decanters, Wine Glasses, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Brushes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Cases of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Chest Locks; Brass Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouse Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Brushes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fishing-Lines; Fish-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fishing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Drawing-Knives; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Cask, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

L O S T,

A plain Gold Breast Pin, inlaid with plated Hair, having on the upper Part a small Gold Ring, to hang it by. A liberal Reward will be given, on its being delivered to the Printer.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs his Friends and others, that he has removed to the East Side of Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's, where he continues his Business as usual, and has at present on Hand,

A HANDSOME Assortment of GOODS, which he will sell at a reasonable Rate.

Also, best clean Turk's-Island SALT, by Hundred Bushel, or less Quantity.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, 29th April, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel; Mess and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Cask; Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Bushels, or less Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON

Informs his Friends and Customers, that he has removed from the House he lately improved, in Thames-street, to that large and elegant House nearly opposite—formerly occupied by the late Governor Wanton, where he has for sale,

A FRESH Supply of English GOODS, suitable for the Season, among which are,——Cassimeres, Fancy Vesting, Calicoes and Chintzes, Satins, Modes, Lutestrings, Tiffanies, Ladies Beaver Hats, Sheetings, Dowlasses, Bed-Ticking, Britannias, Irish Linens, and a great Variety of other Articles, as Cheap for Cash as at any Store in the State.

Also, just Received, Gentlemen and Ladies Umbrellas—India Lutestrings—Nankeens, &c.

Newport, July 22, 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Chest or smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House, Garden and Meadow of the Subscriber, with a small Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; also several other small Buildings, the whole in Front of Broad-street, commanding a considerable large and pleasant Prospect, the Situation airy and healthy, being well supplied with good Water.

JOB CHALONER.

Newport, 3d Month, 25th, 1799.

POLISHED IRON HAIR-COMBS,

Made and Sold, by JOHN DARROW, by Wholesale or Retail, living in Preston, State of Connecticut.——These Combs are an *excellent Remedy* for the Head-Ach.—Sundry Persons have found real Benefit by wearing them. The Wife to the Subscriber of this Advertisement, having been severely afflicted with a Pain in her Head, for several Years, while every other Attempt has been baffled, by using one of these excellent new-invented Combs, a few Weeks, has experienced almost an entire Extirpation of the Pain.

WILLIAM NORTHUP.

P. S. They may be had, at Mr. *Benjamin Fowler's*, in Wickford, at 3 *s.* per Piece.

North-Kingstown, Aug. 2, 1799.

THE Creditors of WILLIAMS THAYER, of Providence, in the County of Providence, and State of Rhode-Island, &c. an insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear at the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Providence, in and for the County aforesaid, on the third Monday of September next, to appoint Assignees, agreeable to an Act of the General Assembly, passed in June, A. D. 1756, entitled an Act for the Relief of insolvent Debtors.

P. ALLEN, jun. Clerk.

Providence, August 3, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedtickings; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

BENJAMIN HILL

Respectfully informs his old Customers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Messrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has

AN Assortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Cash.

He also continues his BAKING BUSINESS as usual, on the Wharf below his House—where any Merchant or Captain of Vessel may be supplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the shortest Notice.

Newport, Aug. 13, 1799.

WANTED TO HIRE,

A HOUSE, in a pleasant Part of the Town, that has a good Well of Water, Garden, Stable, &c. to be entered in October next. Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, July 13, 1799.

TO BE SOLD, BY

JOSEPH LYON,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Barrels Tar; 20 Barrels Pitch, and 60,000 North-Carolina Cedar Shingles.

Newport, 6th May, 1799.

SAMUEL F. GARDNER,

Has for SALE, *at his Store on the West Side of the* RED MARKET,

A Handsome Assortment of English and India Goods; Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea Teas, by the Dozen or Pound; Raisins by the Jar or Cask; Chocolate, Nutmegs, Allspice, and other Spices; Sugar by Box or Barrel; Molasses by Hogshead or Gallon; West-India and New-England Rum by Hogshead or Gallon; Porter by Cask or Dozen; Flour by Barrel; Rice by Cask; 600 Bushels Salt; 120 Quintals of dried Codfish; Soap by the Box; Paper by the Ream; Starch by the Hundred or Pound; Sole Leather by the Hundred Weight, or Side, and Calf-skins; a Variety of Cutlery and Hardware; a good Assortment of Iron Ware and Nails; Cotton; Cheese; Coffee; and a Variety of other Articles, too numerous to be detailed within the Limits of an Advertisement.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store on Banister's Wharf,

A General Assortment of GROCERIES, of the first Quality.

Captains of Vessels and others supplied with SEA-STORES, on the shortest Notice.

Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, may rely upon supplying themselves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reasonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his sincere Thanks to his Customers and the Public for past, and solicits future Favours.

Newport, April 29, 1799.

R E M O V A L.

TIMOTHY R. PECKHAM,

HAIR-DRESSER,

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Customers and others, that he has removed from the Shop he improved, near the State-House, to the one on the South Side of the Parade, next Westward of the BANK, now occupied by his Brother, *Jeremiah Peckham*;—Where those who may please to visit their Shop, may depend upon being waited on with Pleasure and Despatch.

Newport, July 1, 1799.

DESERTED from the Hospital, on Coasters-Harbour, Rhode-Island.

BARNEY WHIPPLE, 5 Feet 10½ Inches high, a stout, well made Man, light Complexion, blue Eyes, dark short Hair belongs to Attleborough, Massachusetts supposed to have been enticed away by others, 29 Years of Age.

OLIVER H. WILLIAMSON, Mariner, from Infield, Connecticut, aged 40 Years, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, light Complexion, has the Appearance of a Fever upon him, grey Eyes, brown Hair.

JOHN PUTNAM, alias TRASK, a notorious Villain, lately taken from Providence Gaol; he is 32 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, light Complexion and Sandy Hair, originally from Windsor, Vermont.

ROBERT COLESON, of New-York, an Englishman by Birth, 28 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 11¼ Inches high, short Sandy Hair, and remarkable large red Whiskers, marked with the Small-Pox.

For each of the above, a Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be given, and all necessary Charges paid.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, *Esquire, Commander of the United States Ship General Greene.*

JOSHUA BLAKE.

Tuesday Morning, 30th July, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,

LEATHER-DRESSER and GLOVER,

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he has removed from his Shop, in Tanner-street, to that formerly occupied by Mr. Azariah Allbro, in Broad-street, at the Sign of the Buck and Gloves; where he continues to carry on the Leather-Dressing Business, in its various Branches.

He has constantly for Sale, Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of different Qualities by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Deer-Skins; white Calf and Lamb-Skins, for welting; Wash-Leather, for Breeches Linings; Hat and Spinning Wool, of different Qualities, &c. &c.

From late London Papers.

THE STRAW BONNET;

Or, The VICISSITUDES *of* FASHION.

AN EPIGRAM.

WE whilom saw the BONNET spread
Like an *umbrella* o'er the head;
Sometimes 'twas shap'd just like a *bell*;
At others like a *cockle-shell*;
Now like a *coal scuttle* appears
Inverted o'er MARIA's ears:
Or *jorden* turn'd quite upside down,
And fitted to MARIA's crown.
Who but must mourn MARIA's lot,
That sees her head thus "gone to POT?"

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None of you play at ball;
For fear that on the Monday
The Devil takes you all.

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The following Paragraph is taken from a late Irish paper:

"Travellers should be careful to deliver their *Luggage* to proper persons, as a *Gentleman* a few days since, on alighting from a stage coach, entrusted his *Wife* with a stranger, and he has not heard of her since."

THE following dreadful tale is told in the French Journal, *Le Clef du Cabinet*: A man in the department of *Bar sur Onain* having been mutilated by three ruffians, applied to the Police, who in consequence of it apprehended a man in the Canton of *Vivid*, who was charged by the injured party with the crime. The wife of the accused, with all his family, consisting of a daughter of sixteen years of age, and two sons, one aged nineteen the other seventeen years, went to visit him, and returned home in a state of despair. On the following morning the children went into the field to the plow, and about ten o'clock the mother called them home. In returning they passed by a rivulet, when the daughter said, "Magdalen, you may throw the clothes into the water, as we shall have no occasion for them." They then entered the house and shut the door close. Screams and groans were heard, and shortly afterwards the young man of nineteen opened the door and ran into the street with his throat cut and covered with blood: he plunged himself into the rivulet, came out again, and threw himself on the bank. The people ran to him, interrogated him, but he could give no answer, and died. They rushed into the house, but found no one, they hastened to the stables, where they saw the young man of seventeen years of age, with his throat cut, expiring; and laying on the breast of his sister, who had also her throat cut, and by the side of whom lay a bloody hatchet. They sought for the mother but not finding her, they supposed her to be drowned. In searching the loft, they perceived a deadly and livid hand, which they found to be that of the woman, bathed in her blood, having two stabs with a knife in her belly, and her throat cut. She was yet alive, and every assistance having been given to her, she was brought to herself, and her wounds found not to be mortal. She was interrogated and declared, that a stranger, who called to inquire after her husband, had committed this extensive murder. By pursuing the interrogatory, however, the Officer of the Police at length ascertained the truth. The unhappy woman declared, that having been to see her husband, she could not bear the idea of the dishonour which would attach to herself and her family from his execution; she had therefore determined to die, and prevailed upon her children to die with her. On returning to the house, therefore, they, after having filled the mangers with hay, knelt down before her to receive their death wound, which she gave them with a hatchet; that she immediately afterwards attempted to stab herself, but that her knife not having reached her heart, she had twice stabbed herself in the belly; that having perceived that her eldest son, in struggling with death had opened the door, and fearing to be discovered, she had sufficient strength to ascend into the loft, with intent to throw herself out of the window, but her strength failed her. She was arrested and carried to COMMERCY. In going out of her house, she saw the bodies of her three children, without betraying any emotion; and declared, that if she had 30 she should have put them all to death, to avoid the shame of having their father guillotined.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Having opened a Store on Banister's Wharf, beg Leave to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have for Sale,

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

☞ They have also for Sale, INDIAN CORN, by the Bushel or larger Quantity, Flour by the Barrel, and 100 Barrels Rosin.

Newport, Aug. 5, 1799.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Banister's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceased, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Mustard; Codfish; an Assortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-stands; Decanters, Wine Glasses, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Brushes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Cases of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Chest Locks; Brass Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouse Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Brushes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fishing-Lines; Fish-Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fishing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Drawing-Knives; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Cask, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

L O S T,

A plain Gold Breast Pin, inlaid with plated Hair, having on the upper Part a small Gold Ring, to hang it by. A liberal Reward will be given, on its being delivered to the Printer.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs his Friends and others, that he has removed to the East Side of Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's, where he continues his Business as usual, and has at present on Hand,

A HANDSOME Assortment of GOODS, which he will sell at a reasonable Rate.

Also, best clean Turk's-Island SALT, by Hundred Bushel, or less Quantity.

All Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, 29th April, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Surinam and Havanna MOLASSES, by the Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel; old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Barrel; Mess and prime Pork and Beef by the Barrel; Rice by the Cask; Whale Oil by the Ton; Rock Salt by the Hundred Bushels, or less Quantity; Pilot Bread by the Barrel; and Two Pair of Three-Pound Cannon, with all their Apparatus complete.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON

Informs his Friends and Customers, that he has removed from the House he lately improved, in Thames-street, to that large and elegant House nearly opposite—formerly occupied by the late Governor Wanton, where he has for sale,

A FRESH Supply of English GOODS, suitable for the Season, among which are,——Cassimeres, Fancy Vesting, Calicoes and Chintzes, Satins, Modes, Lutestrings, Tissanies, Ladies Beaver Hats, Sheetings, Dowlasses, Bed-Ticking, Britannias, Irish Linens, and a great Variety of other Articles, as Cheap for Cash as at any Store in the State.

Also, just Received, Gentlemen and Ladies Umbrellas—India Lutestrings—Nankeens, &c.

Newport, July 22, 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Cheft or smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE House, Garden and Meadow of the Subscriber, with a small Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; also several other small Buildings, the whole in Front of Broad-street, commanding a considerable large and pleasant Prospect, the Situation airy and healthy, being well supplied with good Water.

JOB CHALONER.

Newport, 3d Month, 25th, 1799.

POLISHED IRON HAIR-COMBS,

Made and Sold, by JOHN DARROW, by Wholesale or Retail, living in Preston, State of Connecticut.——These Combs are an *excellent Remedy* for the Head-Ach.—Sundry Persons have found real Benefit by wearing them. The Wife to the Subscriber of this Advertisement, having been severely afflicted with a Pain in her Head, for several Years, while every other Attempt has been baffled, by using one of these excellent new-invented Combs, a few Weeks, has experienced almost an entire Extirpation of the Pain.

WILLIAM NORTHUP.

P. S. They may be had, at Mr. *Benjamin Fowler's*, in Wickford, at 3 s. per Piece.

North-Kingstown, Aug. 2, 1799.

THE Creditors of WILLIAMS THAYER, of Providence, in the County of Providence, and State of Rhode-Island, &c. an insolvent Debtor, are hereby notified to appear at the next Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Providence, in and for the County aforesaid, on the third Monday of September next, to appoint Assignees, agreeable to an Act of the General Assembly, passed in June, A. D. 1756, entitled an Act for the Relief of insolvent Debtors.

P. ALLEN, jun. Clerk.

Providence, August 3, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a-la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedtickings; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, 25th Feb. 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

Newport, June 10, 1799.

BENJAMIN HILL

Respectfully informs his old Customers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Messrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has

AN Assortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Cash.

He also continues his BAKING BUSINESS as usual, on the Wharf below his House—where any Merchant or Captain of Vessel may be supplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the shortest Notice.

Newport, Aug. 13, 1799.

WANTED TO HIRE,

A HOUSE, in a pleasant Part of the Town, that has a good Well of Water, Garden, Stable, &c. to be entered in October next. Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, July 13, 1799.

TO BE SOLD, BY

JOSEPH LYON,

ONE Hundred and Fifty Barrels Tar; 20 Barrels Pitch, and 60,000 North-Carolina Cedar Shingles.

Newport, 6th May, 1799.

SAMUEL F. GARDNER,

Has for SALE, *at his Store on the* WEST *Side of the* RED MARKET,

A Handsome Assortment of English and India Goods; Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea Teas, by the Dozen or Pound; Raisins by the Jar or Cask; Chocolate, Nutmegs, Allspice, and other Spices; Sugar by Box or Barrel; Molasses by Hogshead or Gallon; West-India and New-England Rum by Hogshead or Gallon; Porter by Cask or Dozen; Flour by Barrel; Rice by Cask; 600 Bushels Salt; 120 Quintals of dried Codfish; Soap by the Box; Paper by the Ream; Starch by the Hundred or Pound; Sole Leather by the Hundred Weight, or Side, and Calf-skins; a Variety of Cutlery and Hardware; a good Assortment of Iron Ware and Nails; Cotton; Cheese; Coffee; and a Variety of other Articles, too numerous to be detailed within the Limits of an Advertisement.

Newport, July 29, 1799.

JOHN BAKER

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store on Banister's Wharf,

A General Assortment of GROCERIES, of the first Quality.

Captains of Vessels and others supplied with SEA-STORES, on the shortest Notice.

Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, may rely upon supplying themselves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reasonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his sincere Thanks to his Customers and the Public for past, and solicits future Favours.

Newport, April 29, 1799.

R E M O V A L.

TIMOTHY R. PECKHAM,

HAIR-DRESSER,

TAKES this Method to acquaint his Customers and others, that he has removed from the Shop he improved, near the State-House, to the one on the South Side of the Parade, next Westward of the BANK, now occupied by his Brother, *Jeremiah Peckham*;—Where those who may please to visit their Shop, may depend upon being waited on with Pleasure and Despatch.

Newport, July 1, 1799.

DESERTED from the Hospital, on Coasters-Harbour, Rhode-Island.

BARNEY WHIPPLE, 5 Feet 10½ Inches high, a stout, well made Man, light Complexion, blue Eyes, dark short Hair belongs to Attleborough, Massachusetts, supposed to have been enticed away by the others, 29 Years of Age.

OLIVER H. WILLIAMSON, Mariner, from Infield, Connecticut, aged 40 Years, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, light Complexion, has the Appearance of a Fever upon him, grey Eyes, brown Hair.

JOHN PUTNAM, alias TRASK, a notorious Villain, lately taken from Providence Gaol; he is 32 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, light Complexion and Sandy Hair, originally from Windsor, Vermont.

ROBERT COLESON, of New-York, an Englishman by Birth, 28 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 11¼ Inches high, short Sandy Hair, and remarkable large red Whiskers, marked with the Small-Pox.

For each of the above, a Reward of TWENTY DOLLARS will be given, and all necessary Charges paid.

By Order of CHRISTOPHER RAYMOND PERRY, *Esquire, Commander of the United States Ship General Greene.*

JOSHUA BLAKE.

Tuesday Morning, 30th July, 1799.

JOHN ADAMS,

LEATHER-DRESSER and GLOVER,

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he has removed from his Shop, in Tanner-street, to that formerly occupied by Mr. Azariah Albro, in Broad-street, at the Sign of the Buck and Gloves; where he continues to carry on the Leather-Dressing Business, in its various Branches.

He has constantly for Sale, Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of different Qualities by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Deer-Skins; white Calf and Lamb-Skins, for welting; Wash-Leather, for Breeches Linings; Hat and Spinning Wool, of different Qualities, &c. &c.